## 12Ma Pure Mini Test 04 <br> Graphs and tangents

## Question 1

The curve $C$ has equation $y=(x-2)(x-4)^{2}$
(a) Show that $\frac{\mathrm{d} y}{\mathrm{~d} x}=3 x^{2}-20 x+32$

The line $l_{1}$ is the tangent to $C$ at the point where $x=6$.
(b) Find the equation of $l_{1}$, giving your answer in the form $y=m x+c$, where $m$ and $c$ are constants to be found.

The line $l_{2}$ is the tangent to $C$ at the point where $x=a$.
Given that $l_{1}$ and $l_{2}$ are parallel and distinct.
(c) Find the value of $a$.

## Question 2

The curve $C$ has equation $y=\frac{4}{x}+k$, where $k$ is a positive constant.
(a) Sketch a graph of $C$, stating the equation of
(i) any asymptote(s)
(ii) any point(s) of intersection with the axes

The line with equation $y=10-2 x$ is a tangent to $C$.
(b) Find the possible values for $k$.
(c) [Bonus Marks] Find the possible values for $k$ using a different method.

